

INLET PROTECTION IN SWALES. DITCH LINES OR YARD INLETS

1. INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED EITHER BEFORE UPSLOPE LAND DISTURBANCE BEGINS OR BEFORE THE INLET BECOMES FUNCTIONAL.

2. THE EARTH AROUND THE INLET SHALL BE EXCAVATED COMPLETELY TO A DEPTH AT LEAST 18 BIONES.

3. THE WOODEN FRAME SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF 2-INCH BY 4-INCH CONSTRUCTION GRADE LUMBER. THE 2-INCH BY 4-INCH POSTS SHALL BE

DRIVEN ONE (1) FT. INTO THE GROUND AT FOR CORNERS OF THE INLET AND THE TOP PORTION OF Z-INCH BY 4-INCH FRAME ASSEMBLED USING THE OVERLAP JOINT SHOWN. THE TOP OF THE FRAME SHALL BY A LEAST B INCHES BELOW ADJACENT ROADS IF PONDED WATER WILL POSE A SAFETY HAZARD TO TRAFFIC.

HAZARD TO TRAFTIC.

4. MIRE MESH SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT STRENGTH TO SUPPORT FABRIC WITH WATER FULLY IMPOUNDED AGAINST IT. IT SHALL BE STRETCHED TIGHTLY AROUND THE FRAME AND FASTENED SECURELY TO THE FRAME.

5. GEOTEXTILE MATERIAL SHALL HAVE AN EQUIVALENT OPENING SIZE OF 20-40 SIEVE AND BE RESISTANT TO SIMILARIT. IT SHALL BE STRETECHED TOFILLY AROUND THE FRAME AND FASTENED SERGURELY, IT SHALL EXTEND FROM THE TOP OF THE FRAME TO 18 INCHES BELOW THE INTLET NOTCH ELEVATION. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL OVERLAP AGROSS ONE SIDE OF THE RILET SO THE ENDS OF THE CLOTH ARE NOT FASTENED TO THE SAME POST.

8. BACKFILL SHALL BE PLACED AROUND THE INEET IN COMPACTED 6-INCH LAYERS UNTIL THE EARTH IS EVEN WITH NOTCH ELEVATION ON ENDS AND TOP ELEVATION ON SIDES.

7. A COMPACTED EARTH DIKE OR CHECK DAM SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN THE DITCH LINE BELOW THE INLET IF THE INLET IS NOT IN A DEPRESSION. THE TOP OF THE DIKE SHALL BE AT LEAST 6-INCHES HIGHER THAN THE TOP OF THE FRAME.

TEMPORARY SEEDING

SEEDING DATES	SPECIES	Lb./1,000 S.F.	LB/PER ACRE
MARCH 1 - AUGUST 15	OATS TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	3 1 1	128 (4 BUSHEL) 40 40
	PERENNIAL RYEGRASS TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	1 1 1	40 40 40
	ANNUAL RYEGRASS PERENNIAL RYEGRASS CREEPING RED FESCUE KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS	1.25 3.25 0.4 0.4	55 142 17 17
	OATS TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	3 1 1	128 (3 BUSHEL) 40 40
AUGUST 16 - NOVEMBER	RYE TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	3 1 1	112 (2 BUSHEL) 40 40
	WHEAT TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	3	120 (2 BUSHEL) 40 40
	PERENNIAL RYEGRASS TALL FESCUE ANNUAL RYEGRASS	1 1 1	40 40 40
	ANNUAL RYEGRASS PERENNAL RYEGRASS CREEPING RED FESCUE KENTUCKY BLIEGRASS	1.25 3.25 0.4 0.4	40 40 40
NOVEMBER 1 - FEB. 29 USE MULCH ONLY OR DORMANT SEEDING.			

1. STRUCTURAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES SUCH AS DIMERSIONS AND SEDIMENT TRAPS SHALL BE INSTALLED AND STABILIZED WITH TEMPORARY SEEDING PRIOR TO GRADING THE REST OF THE CONSTRUCTION SITE.

2. TEMPORARY SEED SHALL BE APPLIED BETWEEN CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS ON SOIL THAT WILL NOT BE GRADED OR REWORKED FOR 21 DAYS OR GREATER. THESE IDLE AREAS SHALL BE SEEDED WITHIN 7 DAYS AFTER GRADING.

3. THE SEEDBED SHOULD BE PULVERIZED AND LOOSE TO ENSURE THE SUCCESS OF ESTABLISHING VEGETATION. TEMPORARY SEEDING SHOULD NOT BE POSTPONED IF IDEAL SEEDBED PREPARATION IS NOT POSSIBLE.

4. SOR AMENDMENTS—TEMPORARY VEGETATION SEEDING RATES SHALL ESTABLISH

SEEDBED PREPARATION IS NOT POSSIBLE.
4. SOR. AMERIMAENTS-TEMPORARY VEGETATION SEEDING RATES SHALL ESTABLISH
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ADEQUARE STANDS OF VEGETATION, WHICH MAY REQUIRE THE USE OF SOIL AMENDMENTS.
BASE RATES FOR LIME AND FERTILIZER SHALL BE USED.
5. SEEDING METHOD—SEED SHALL BE APPLIED UNIFORMLY WITH A CYCLONE SPREADER,
DRILL, CLILIPACKER SEEDER, OR HYDROSEEDER, WHEN FEASIBLE, SEED THAT HAS BEEN
BROADCAST SHALL BE COVERED BY RAKING OR DRAGGING AND THEN LIGHTLY TAMPED
INTO PLACE USING A ROLLER OR CULTIPACKER. IF HYDROSEEDING IS USED, THE SEED AND
FERTILIZER WILL BE MIXED ON—SITE AND THE SEEDING SHALL BE DONE MIMEDIATELY AND
WITHOUT INTERRUPTION.

WITHOUT INTERRUPTION.

MALCHING TEMPORARY SEEDING

I. APPLICATIONS OF TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL INCLUDE MULCH, INNICH SHALL BE
APPLIED DURING OR MINIEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING, SEEDINGS MADE DURING OPTIMUM
SEEDING DATES ON FAVORABLE, VERY FLAT SOR CONDITIONS MAY NOT NEED MULCH TO ACHIEVE ADEQUATE STABILIZATION.

-STRAW-IF STRAW IS USED, IT SHALL BE UNROTTED SWALL-GRAIN STRAW APPLIED AT A RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE OR BO LES 1,000 SQ.FT. (2-3 BALES).
--HYDROSEEDERS-IF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER IS USED, IT SHALL BE USED AT 2000

-HIBROSELEURS-IF INCLU CELLEUSE FIRER IS USED, IT SHALL BE USED AT 2000

LBS./AC. OR 46 LB./1,000-SQ.FT.
-OTHER-OTHER ACCEPTABLE MALCHES INCLUDE MULCH MATTINGS APPLIED ACCORDING TO
MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS OR WOOD CISPS APPLIED AT 6 TON/AC.

3. STAW MILICH SHALL BE ANCHORED IMMEDIATELY TO MINIMIZE LOSS BY MIND OR WATER.
AMCHORING METHODS.

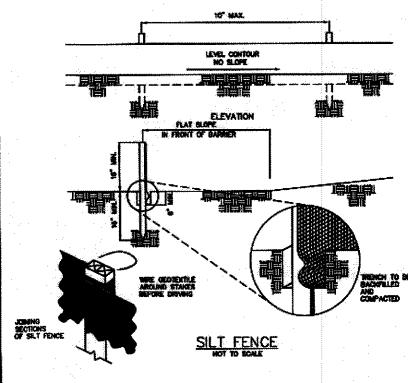
-MECHANICAL-A DISK, CRUPER, OR SMILAR TYPE TOOL SHALL BE SET STRAIGHT TO PUNCH OR AMONOR THE MULCH MATERIAL INTO THE SOIL STRAW MECHANICALLY ANCHORED SHALL NOT BE FINELY CHOPPED BUT LEFT TO A LENGTH OF APPROXIMATELY 6

-MILCH NETTING-NETTING SHALL BE USED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATIONS. NETTING MAY BE NECESSARY TO HOLD MULCH IN PLACE IN AREAS OF CONCENTRATED RUNOFF AND ON CRITICAL SLOPES.

-SYNTHETIC BINDERS-SYNTHETIC BINDERS SUCH AS ACRYLIC DLR (AGRI-TAC), DCA-70, PETROSET, TERRA TRACK OR EQUIVALENT MAY BE USED AT RATES RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER.

-NOOD-CELLIAGSE FIBER-WOOD-CELLULOSE FIBER BINDER SHALL BE APPLIED AT A NET DRY WT. OF 750 LB./AC. THE WOOD-CELLULOSE FIBER SHALL BE MORD WITH WATER AND THE MIXTURE SHALL CONTAIN A MAXIMUM OF 30 LB./100 GAL.

STRAW BALES MAY BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH BUT NOT IN PLACE OF SILT FENCE INLET PROTECTION



1. SILT FENCE SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED BEFORE UPSLOPE LAND DISTURBANCE BEGINS.

2. ALL SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED AS CLOSE TO THE CONTOUR AS POSSIBLE SO THAT WATER WILL NOT CONCENTRATE AT LOW POINTS IN THE FENCE AND SO THAT SMALL SWALES OF DEPRESSIONS THAT MAY CARRY SMALL CONCENTRATED FLOWS TO THE SILT FENCE ARE DISSIPATED ALONG ITS LENGTH.

3. ENDS OF THE SILT FENCES SHALL BE BROUGHT UPSLOPE SHOTLY SO THAT WATER PONDED BY THE SILT FENCE WILL BE PREVENTED FROM FLOWING AROUND THE ENDS.

4. SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED ON THE FLATTEST AREA AVAILABLE.

5. WHERE POSSIBLE, VEGETATION SHALL BE PRESERVED FOR 5 FEET (OR AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE) UPSLOPE FROM THE SILT FENCE. IF VEGETATION IS REMOVED, IT SHALL BE REESTABLISHED WITHIN 7 DAYS FROM THE INSTALLATION OF THE SILT FENCE.

6. THE HEIGHT OF THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE A MINIBRUM OF 16 INCHES ABOUVE THE ORIGINAL GROUND SURFACE.

SURFACE
7. THE SLIT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED IN AN EXCAVATED OR SLICED TRENCH CUT A MINUME OF 6 INCHES DEEP. THE TRENCH SHALL BE MADE WITH A TRENCHER, CABLE LAYING MACHINE, SUCIMING MACHINE, OR OTHER SUITBALE DEVICE THAT WILL CHSURE AN ADEQUATELY UNIFORM TRENCH DEPTH.

8. THE SLIT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE STAKES ON THE DOWNSHOPE SIDE OF THE GEOTEXTILE. A MINIMUM OF 8 INCHES OF GEOTEXTILE MUST BE BELOW THE GROUND SURFACE, EXCESS MATERIAL SHALL LAY ON THE BOTTOM OF THE 6-MICH DEEP TRECH. THE TRENCH SHALL BE BACKFILLED AND COMPACTED ON BOTH SIDES OF THE FABRIC.

9. SEAMS BETWEEN SECTIONS OF SLIT FENCE SHALL BE SPLICED TOGETHER ONLY AT A SUPPORT POST WITH A MINIMUM 6-MICH OVERTUP PROR TO DRIVING INTO THE GROUND.

10. MAINTENANCE-SLIT FENCE SHALL ALLOW RUNGHT TO PASS ONLY AS DIFFUSE FLOW THROUGH THE GETOTEXTILE IF RUNGHT OVERTOPS THE SILT FENCE, FLOWS UNDER THE FABRIC OR AROUND THE FENCE ENDS, OR IN ANY OTHER WAY ALLOWS A CONCENTRATED FLOW DISCHARGE, ONE OF THE FOLLOWING SHALL BE PERFORMED, AS APPROPRIATE: 1) THE LAYOUT OF THE SLIT FENCE SHALL BE CHANGED. 2)

BE PERFORMED, AS APPROPRIATE: 1) THE LAYOUT OF THE SLT FENCE SHALL BE CHANGED, 2) ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED, OR 3) OTHER PRACTICES SHALL BE INSTALLED.

SEDIMENT DEPOSITS SHALL BE ROUTINELY REMOVED WHEN THE DEPOSIT REACHES APPROXIMATELY ONE-HALF OF THE HEIGHT OF THE SET FENCE.

SILT FENCES SHALL BE INSPECTED AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND AT LEAST DAILY DURING A PROLONGED RAINFALL THE LOCATION OF EXISTING SILT FENCE SHALL BE REVIEWED DAILY TO ENSURE ITS PI LOCATION AND EFFECTIVENESS. IF DAMAGED, THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY.

CRITERIA FOR SILT FENCE MATERIALS
1.FENCE POSTS—THE LENGTH SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 32 INCHES, WOOD POSTS WILL BE 2-BY-2-IN.
ROMINAL DIMENSIONED HARDWOOD OF SOUND QUALITY, THEY SHALL BE FREE OF KNOTS, SPLITS AND OTHER
ROSINELE IMPERFECTIONS, THAT WILL WEAKEN THE POSTS. THE MANIMUM SPACING BETWEEN POSTS SHALL BE
10 FEET, POSTS SHALL BE DRIVEN A MINIMUM 18 INCHES INTO THE GROUND, WHERE POSSIBLE. IF NOT
POSSIBLE, THE POSTS SHALL BE ADEQUATELY SECURED TO PREVENT OVERTURNING OF THE FENCE DUE TO SEDIMENT/WATER LOADING. 2. SLT FENCE FABRIC-SEE CHART

FABRIC PROPERTIES	WILLES	TEST METHOD
MINIMUM TENSILE STRENGTH	120 LBS. (535 N)	ASM D 4632
MAXIMUM ELONGATIONAT 60 LBS.	50 X	ASTM D 4632
MINIMUM PUNCTURE STRENGTH	50 LBS (220 N)	ASM D 4833
MINIMUM TEAR STRENGTH	40 LBS. (180 N)	ASTAL D 4533
APPARENT OPENING SIZE	<i>≤ 0.84 MM</i>	ASDI D 4751
MANAGE PERMITTATY	1X10-2 SEC-1	ASM D 4491
UV EXPOSURE STRENGTH RETENTION	70 X	ASTM & 4355

HORIZ. SCALE:	VERT. SCILE:	9485 WATERN, CHO 4485 440-602-9071 FAX 216-669-0259	SITE DETAILS FOR K. HOVNANIAN OSTER HOMES LLC.			
ORANN BY: KEG	DATE: 6-29-2012	ATECH	8310 CAMBDEN CROSSING WAY S/L 31 IN THE			#
CHECKED BY: SRL	DRAWING NO.: 20112519		CAMBDEN CREEK ESTATES PHASE NO.2 PLAT VOLUME 60, PAGE 15 CONCORD TOWNSHIP			
JOB NO.: 20112519	SHEET: 2 OF 3	CM Engineering + Land Surveying	LAKE COUNTY, OHIO	NO. DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY